Minden City, Michigan

Report on Financial Statements (with additional information) Year Ended March 31, 2004

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

Local Government Type Local Government Name		Cou	unty
☐ City ☐ Township ☐ Village ☐ Other ☐ ELAWARE ☐ Audit Date ☐ Opinion Date ☐ Date Accountant	DWNSHIP	159	ANILAC
3-31-2004 9-16-2004 9-24	Report Submitted t		
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Acco Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Un Department of Treasury.	t and rendered	I an opinion on ds Board (GAS ment in Michig	financial statements SB) and the <i>Uniforn</i> an by the Michigar
We affirm that:		R	ECEIVED
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Go	vernment in M	ichigan as revis	ed.
We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.		4	SEP 2 4 2004
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the report of comments and recommendations	ne financial stat	tements, ib@fadi	9/23 inaumpaphaneeibiu
You must check the applicable box for each item below.			
yes no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local			
yes no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).	f this unit's u	nreserved fund	balances/retained
yes 🔀 no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Ur 1968, as amended).	niform Account	ing and Budge	ting Act (P.A. 2 of
yes or its requirements, or an order issued under the Em	n order issued ergency Munici	under the Mur	nicipal Finance Act
yes no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do r of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 198	not comply with 32, as amended	statutory requi	irements. (P.A. 20
yes one 6. The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax unit.			
yes on 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirem earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current the overfunding credits are more than the normal coduring the year).			
yes no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted 1995 (MCL 129.241).	an applicable p	policy as require	d by P.A. 266 of
yes on 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).			
We have enclosed the following:	1	То Ве	ı Not ı
The letter of comments and recommendations.	Enclosed	Forwarded	Required
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).			V
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT + DORAN P.C.			
Street Address 715 E FRANK STREET City CAL	20	State ZIP	
Accountant Signature Shay On Serson Col	0	1 1 40	P723
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ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Gary R. Anderson, CPA Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA Thomas B. Doran, CPA Robert L. Tuckey, CPA Valerie Jamieson Hartel, CPA Jamie L. Peasley, CPA

September 16, 2004

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Township Board Delaware Township, Sanilac County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Township of Delaware as of March 31, 2004 and for the year then ended. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Delaware Township management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

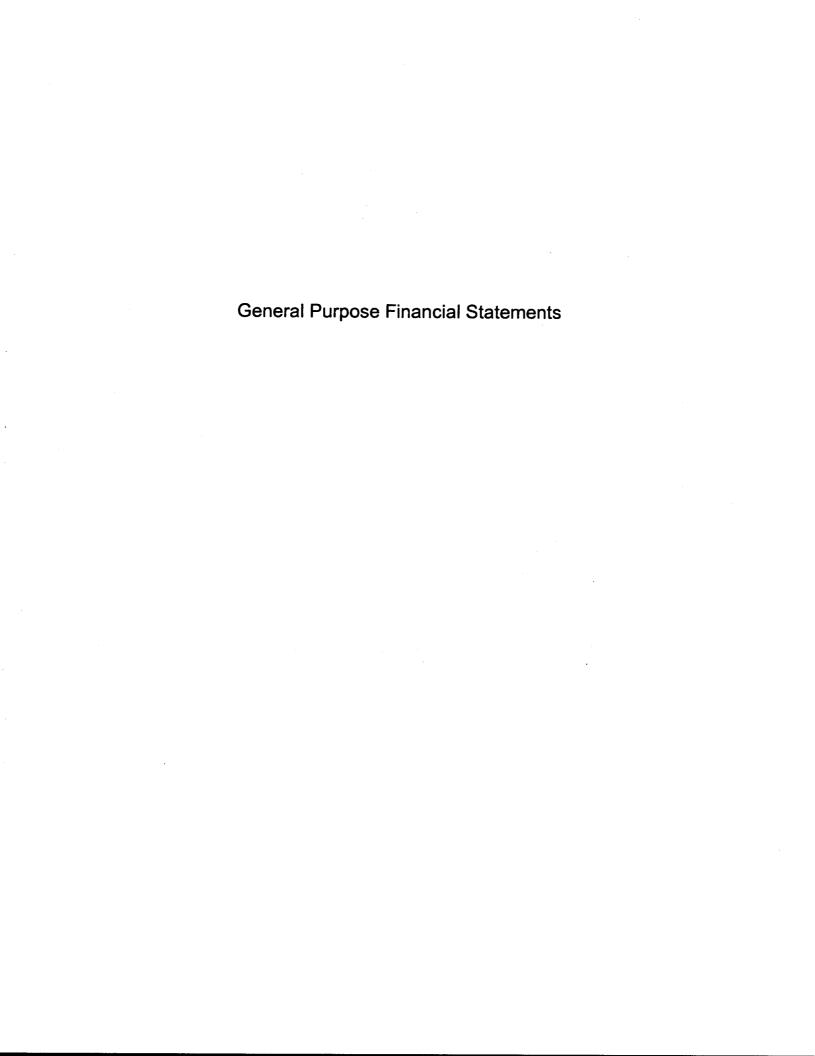
We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general-purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general-purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general-purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township of Delaware, as of March 31, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements of Delaware Township. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

anterior, Tucky, Remlandt & Down, Re.

ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



COMBINED BALANCE SHEET -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS March 31, 2004

	GOVERI	FIDUCIARY	
	GENERA	CAPITAL L PROJECTS	TRUST AND AGENCY
ASSETS Cash and interest bearing deposits Investments Receivables: Delinquent taxes Due from other funds Fixed assets Amount available and to be provided for payment of long-term debt	137,9	190	\$ 164,052
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 313,7	766 \$ 78,418	\$ 164,052
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY LIABILITIES: Due to other funds Accounts payable Accrued expenses Other obligations			\$ 164,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES			164,052
FUND EQUITY: Investment in general fixed assets Fund Balance Designated for construction Designated for roads Undesignated	\$ 89,2 224,5		
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	313,7	766 78,418	
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$ 313,7	<u>766</u> \$ 78,418	\$ 164,052

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

ACCOU	NT GROUPS		
GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	GENERAL LONG TERM DEBT	(MEN	TOTAL (ORANDUM)
		\$	245,006 137,988
\$ 293,614			9,190 164,052 293,614
	\$ 40,433		40,433
\$ 293,614	\$ 40,433	\$	890,283
		\$	164,052 -
	\$ 40,433		40,433
<u>-</u>	40,433		204,485
\$ 293,614			293,614
			78,418 89,209 224,557
293,614	-		685,798
\$ 293,614	\$ 40,433	\$	890,283

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	GOVERNMEN	TAL FUND TYPES	
REVENUE:	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	
Taxes	\$ 172,764		
Special assessment Licenses & permits		\$ 78,300	
	650	·	
Charges for services	2,025		
State grants	60,974		
Interest	2,927	118	
Other revenue	1,385		
TOTAL REVENUE	240,725	78,418	
EXPENDITURES:			
General government	64,744		
Public safety	33,806		
Public works	77,460		
Debt service	7,176		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	183,187	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE			
OVER EXPENDITURES	57,538	78,418	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	256,228	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 313,766	\$ 78,418	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	GENERAL FUND			
	BUDGET ACTUAL		VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUE:				
Taxes	\$ 168,500	\$ 172,764	\$ 4,2	64
Licenses & permits	500	650		50
Charges for services	2,000	2,025		25
State revenue	55,000	60,974	5,9	
Interest	1,000	2,927	1,9	
Other revenue	600	1,385		85
TOTAL REVENUE	227,600	240,725	13,12	25_
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	96,800	64,744	32,05	56
Public safety	35,700	33,806	1,89	
Public works	100,000	77,460	22,54	
Debt service	7,000	7,176	•	<u>76)</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	239,500	183,187	56,31	13
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(11,900)	57,538	69,43	38
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	256,228	256,228		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 244,328	\$ 313,766	\$ 69,43	38

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS AND FUND TYPES:

The Township covers an area of approximately 45 square miles within Sanilac County. The township operates under an elected Board and provides services to its more than 1000 residents in many areas including law enforcement, administration of justice, community enrichment, development and human services.

The financial statements of Delaware Township have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY:

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement #14, and the Financial Reporting Entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the general purpose financial statements of Delaware Township contain all the funds and account groups controlled by the Township's Board of Trustees as no other entity meets the criteria to be considered a blended component unit or a discretely presented component of the Township nor is the Township a component unit of another entity.

B. FUND ACCOUNTING:

The government uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government.

Account groups are used to account for fixed assets and long-term liabilities, which are not reported, in the respective governmental funds.

DELAWARE TOWNSHIP, SANILAC COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e. net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increased (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after yearend. A one-year availability period is used to revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, federal and state grants, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines, permits and sales tax and other state revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments included instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at amortized cost or fair value.

State statutes authorize the Township to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase and not totaling more than 50% of any fund at any time. The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

DELAWARE TOWNSHIP, SANILAC COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31. 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

F. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customer charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls, which are secured by the underlying property.

G. FIXED ASSETS:

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued to cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Fixed assets purchased within the proprietary funds and the non-expendable trust fund are reported as assets within those funds and accordingly, are included on their balance sheet.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. Primarily because of this policy, total expenditures for capital improvements in the governmental funds do not equal total additions to the general fixed asset account group.

Assets in the general fixed assets account group are not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings, equipment and vehicles in the proprietary fund types is computed over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

H. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

I. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-reoccurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

J. MEMORANDUM ONLY - TOTAL COLUMNS:

The total columns on the combined statements are captioned memorandum only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation.

NOTE 2 - FIRE TRUCK LOAN:

The note agreement is dated October 1, 2000 with interest at 5.6% paid annually.

ANNUAL REQUIREMENTS TO AMORTIZE LONG-TERM DEBT

MARCH 31, 2004 (PRINCIPAL ONLY)

Year Ending March 31,

2005-2009 2010-2011

\$27,467 \$12,966

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

Land cemetery Land other Building – Town Hall Building – Fire Hall Vehicles Equipment – Fire	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2003 \$ 10,000 8,000 5,176 13,140 220,456 19,512	ADDITIONS \$11,467	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2004 \$ 10,000 8,000 5,000 13,140 220,456 30,979
Equipment - General	5,863			5,86 <u>3</u>
TOTAL GENERAL FIXED ASSETS	\$282,147	\$11,467	\$	\$293,614

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits are carried at cost. Deposits of the Township are at banks in the name of the Township Treasurer.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 3 risk disclosures for cash deposits are as follows:

DEPOSITS:

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$382,994 and the bank balance was \$402,498, \$102,536 of which was covered by federal depository insurance. Michigan law does not require collateralization of government deposits. All of the Township's funds were in accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 and were invested in local banks.

INVESTMENTS:

State statutes and Township policy authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, or agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the top two classifications by at least two of the four rating agencies, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptance, and mutual funds.

The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year-end. Category I include investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealers trust department or agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealers or by its trust department but not in the Township's name. At March 31, 2004, the Township had no Category 2 or 3 investments.

The Township's cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2004 are composed of the following:

CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

General Fund:

Deposits \$140,524

Capital Projects:

Deposits 78,418

Current Tax Collection Fund

Deposits <u>164,052</u>

TOTAL \$382,994

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

The Township pays no employee benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 6 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS:

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- On or prior to April 1 of each year, a proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Any revisions of the budget must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Budgets for general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted
 accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees
 during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which
 were amended.
- 7. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUE:

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district, state education fund and school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year which includes the December 1 levy date. The Township levied a general millage of .7389 a fire millage of .9886 and a road levy of 1.9772 on a taxable value of \$44,533,392.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above described activities. For insured programs, there have been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

DELAWARE TOWNSHIP, SANILAC COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2004

NOTE 9 - DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS:

Due to and from other fund balances at March 31, 2004 are as follows:

Fund Due from other funds Due to other funds

General \$164,052

Current tax collection \$164,052

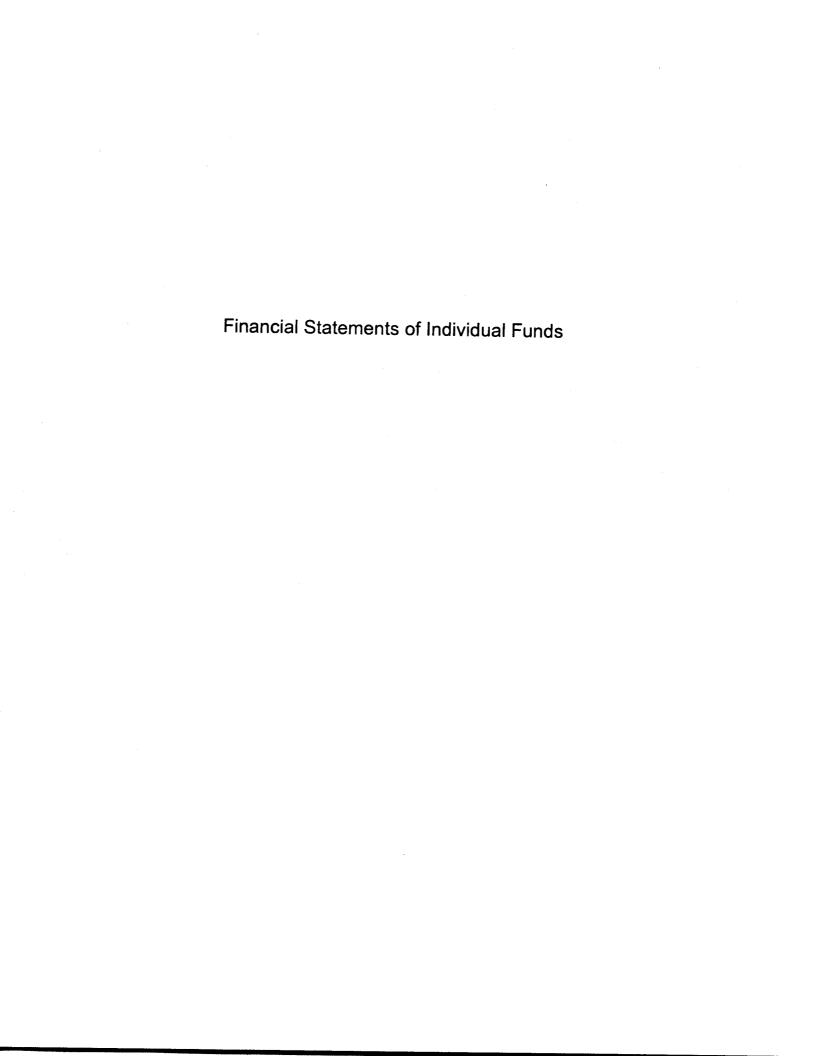
NOTE 10 - CAPITAL PROJECT M-25 WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS:

On September 9, 2003 the Township established the M-25 Water Supply System Improvements Special Assessment District. This special assessment of \$756,000 will be levied on 274 parcels at \$2,700 per parcel. Taxpayers will have the option of paying the \$2,700 in full the first year or paying over 40 years with interest at 5.5%. The funds received will be used to pay the Township share of the Sanilac County M-25 Water Supply System Improvement Project. The proceeds will be transferred to the Sanilac County Treasurer for disbursement. The county sold the bonds and is handling the accounting for the construction phase as well as the repayment of the bonds.

NOTE 11 – RESERVED FUND BALANCE:

The following is a summary of General Fund revenues restricted by use:

	Road <u>Expenses</u>
Balance – March 31, 2003 Voted Millage Road Expenditures	\$74,119 88,153 <u>(73,063</u>)
Balance – March 31, 2004	\$89,209



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUE			
Taxes:			
Operating Levy Road levy Fire levy	\$ 32,000 86,000	\$ 32,940 88,153	\$ 940 2,153
Tax administration	37,000 13,500	38,016 13,655	1,016 155
Total taxes:	168,500	172,764	4,264
Licenses & permits			
Building permits	500	650	150
Charges for services			
Cemetery lots		25	
Fire Protection	2,000	25 2,000	25
Total charges for services	2,000	2,025	25
State revenues:			
Summer tax collection reimbursement		3,050	
State revenue sharing	55,000	57,924	3,050
Total state revenue	55,000	60,974	5,974
Other revenues:			
Interest Other	1,000 600	2,927	1,927
		1,385	785
Total other revenues	1,600	4,312	2,712
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 227,600	\$ 240,725	\$ 13,125

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
EXPENDITURES	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(ON AVORABLE)
General Government:			
Supervisor salary	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ -
Clerk salary	6,000	6,000	· -
Assessor fees	13,500	12,782	718
Treasurer salary	12,500	12,424	77
Deputy salary	4,000	600	3,400
Township board	4,000		0,400
Per dem	2,000	1,440	560
Expenses	1,200	771	429
Board of review salaries	1,100	855	245
	5,000	4,579	421
Planning commission Elections	3,000	4,379 166	2,834
	3,500 3,500	481	3,019
Data Processings	4,500	2,860	1,640
Cemetery	4,000	•	1,040 240
Insurance	•	3,760	1,809
Buildings and grounds Professional fees	6,000	4,191 658	•
	4,500		3,842
Administrative	22,000	9,179	12,821
Total General Government	96,800	64,744	32,056
Public Safety:			
Fire Protection	33,700	33,402	298
Ambulance	2,000	404	1,596
Other			-
Total Public Safety	35,700	33,806	1,894
Public Works:			
Drains at large		4,397	
Roads	100,000	73,063	26,937
Total Public Works	100,000	77,460	22,540
Debt Service:			
Principal	4,800	4,811	(11)
Interest	2,200	2,365	(165)
Total Debt Service	7,000	7,176	(176)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$239,500	\$183,187	\$ 56,313

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS & LIABILITIES -CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BALANCE 03/31/03	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 03/31/04
ASSETS				
Cash in bank	\$ 159,623	\$ 1,384,493	\$ 1,380,064	\$ 164,052
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 159,623	\$ 1,384,493	\$ 1,380,064	\$ 164,052
LIABILITIES				
Due to general fund Due to other governmental units	\$ 159,623 	\$ 168,387 1,211,677	\$ 172,816 1,211,677	\$ 164,052
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 159,623	\$ 1,380,064	\$ 1,384,493	\$ 164,052